“Non-Commercial Joint-Stock Company
‘Kazakh National Women’s Teacher
Training University”

“Policy on Sustainable Public Procurement”

«The Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 1 July 2024 №106-VIII ZRK ‘On Public Procurement’ was adopted in pursance of the Address of the President to the People of Kazakhstan dated 1 September 2022 ‘A Just State. One Nation. A Prosperous Society».



“The Law is aimed at optimizing procurement procedures, improving the quality of procured goods, works and services, strengthening the responsibility of public procurement participants, and fostering competition.”

“Improvement of the legislative and regulatory framework in the field of ecolabelling and environmental standards, as well as enhancement of the level of competencies and knowledge in ecolabelling;”



“The Law ‘On Public Procurement’ provides for the principle of ‘sustainable procurement’. The clarification and formalization of the very concept of ‘sustainable procurement’ enables procurement organizers to include additional ‘sustainable procurement’ requirements in tender documentation for potential suppliers, as well as for the goods supplied, works performed, and services rendered.”

“One of the key functions of the Non-Commercial Joint-Stock Company ‘Kazakh National Women’s Pedagogical University’ is to ensure that academic and teaching departments, as well as other structural units, are provided with the necessary goods, works, and services for the fulfillment of their statutory objectives.”

“Procurement in the field of public procurement at the Kazakh National Women’s Pedagogical University is carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Law ‘On Public Procurement’, the purpose of which is to ensure efficient and transparent procurement, create a competitive environment in the field of public procurement, prevent corruption in this area, develop fair competition, and provide support to domestic producers of goods, as well as domestic suppliers of works and services, to the extent that this does not contradict international treaties ratified by the Republic of Kazakhstan.”

“Key directions for the implementation of the policy:”

“International cooperation in the field of public procurement;”

“Public procurement is carried out in compliance with the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;”

“Procurement of innovative and high-tech goods, works, and services;”

“Optimal and efficient use of funds allocated for public procurement;”

"Objectives of the Sustainable Public Procurement Policy" :

"Ensuring the high quality of procurement procedures, enabling Kazakh National Women's Pedagogical University to meet its needs in necessary and high-quality goods, works, and services."

"Efficient and economical use of budget funds"

"Compliance with the legislation in the field of public procurement"

"Ensuring transparency and competitiveness of the procurement process, which will contribute to business development and improve the quality of services provided."

"The objectives of the Sustainable Public Procurement Policy are:"

- "Professionalization of the public procurement sector as a necessary condition for the adaptation of international public procurement standards and the improvement of procurement efficiency."
- "Monitoring what goods, works, and services are procured, what the total value of the procurement is, and how they are carried out."
- "Prevention of corruption and abuse."

"Openness and transparency of public procurement at all stages helps prevent the use of corrupt practices."

“The professionalization of public procurement implies:”



- “enhancement of the efficiency of the authorized officer’s functions;”
- “optimization of control functions in the field of public procurement;”
- “Provision of training for authorized officers in modern methods”

“The development of the sustainable public procurement system at the Kazakh National Women’s Pedagogical University is an important element of state policy aimed at ensuring environmental, social, and economic sustainability.”



“Sustainable procurement contributes to the maximization of public benefits, the reduction of negative environmental impacts, and the maintenance of social standards in the implementation of public contracts.”

“The system of regulation of public procurement in the Republic of Kazakhstan”

“Priority of goods produced from recycled materials in accordance with the Public Procurement Rules.”





“Support for domestic producers, persons with disabilities, innovation, and the creation of new jobs.”

“Development of competition, reduction of corruption offenses through the creation of an electronic procurement system, optimization of budget expenditures through the centralization of public procurement, and focus on suppliers’ price offers.”



“With the adoption of the new Law ‘On Public Procurement’, the principle of sustainability (environmental friendliness, social responsibility, and economic efficiency) is proclaimed for the first time.”

“Therefore, there is a critical need to adapt the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan to modern requirements of sustainable development, as well as the country’s aspiration to improve the efficiency and transparency of public procurement in the interests of society and citizens.”

“The Law ‘On Public Procurement’ does not apply to the following types of procurement:”

- “services acquired from individuals under employment contracts”
- “services acquired from individuals who are not engaged in entrepreneurial activity under paid service contracts”
- “services related to business trip expenses”
- “state assignment and goods, works, and services (GWS) procured within its execution in accordance with the budget
- “payment of contributions (including contributions to the authorized capital of legal entities)”

“The Law ‘On Public Procurement’ does not apply to the following types of procurement:”

“Goods, works, and services (GWS) procured by national managing holdings, national holdings, national managing companies, national companies and affiliated legal entities; the National Bank, its departments, organizations within its structure, and legal entities in which fifty percent or more of the voting shares (participation interests in the charter capital) belong to it or are under its trust management, as well as affiliated legal entities.”

“Goods (products) of military purpose, dual-use goods (products), military works, and military services included in the state defense order.”

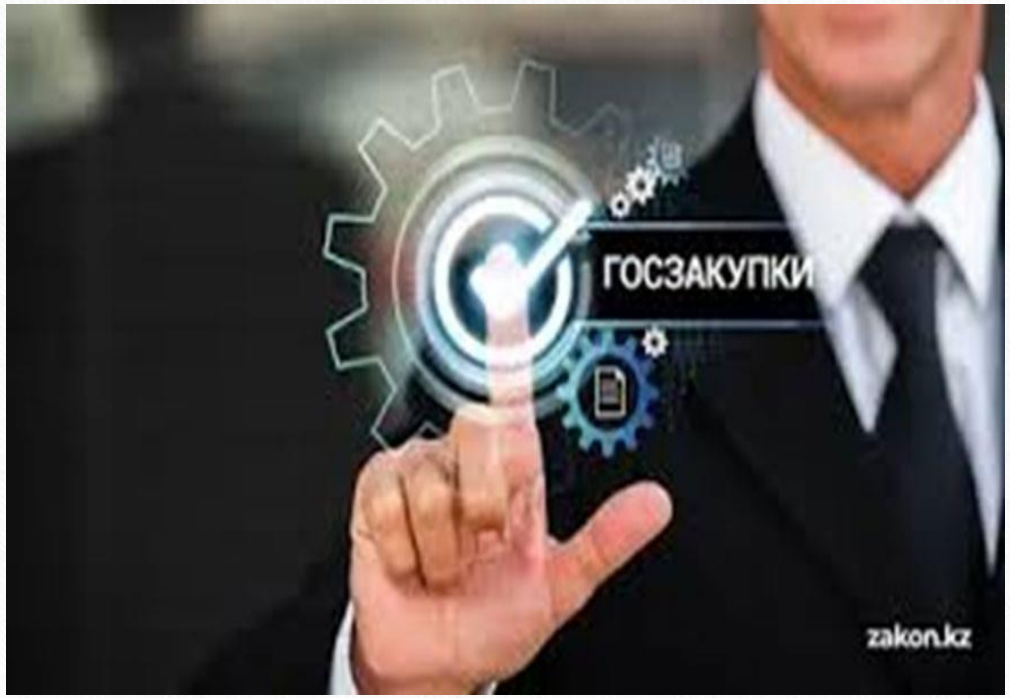
“Goods, works, and services (GWS) procured by an organization specializing in improving the quality of credit portfolios of second-tier banks for the implementation of certain types of activities provided for by the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan ‘On Banks and Banking Activities in the Republic of Kazakhstan’.”

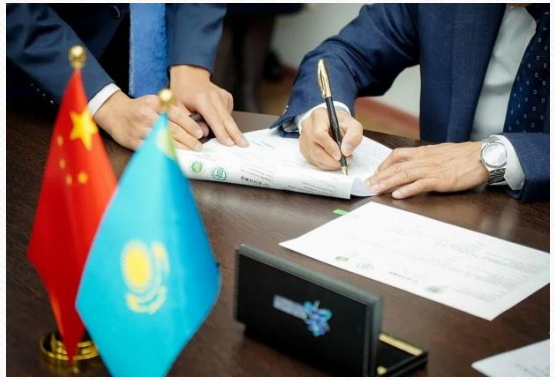
“Goods, works, and services (GWS) procured within the implementation of investment projects financed by international organizations of which the Republic of Kazakhstan is a member.”

“CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS”

“The creation of a legal framework for the implementation of sustainable public procurement in states varies; however, most often, sustainable public procurement rules are integrated into public procurement legislation and environmental law.”

“To achieve sustainable development goals, Kazakhstan needs to improve its international image and strengthen the position of our Republic in global economic and political discussions.”





“The main objective of international cooperation is regular communication with international partners, discussion of plans and issues in the field of public procurement, partners’ expectations, possible assistance, obtaining feedback, and establishing a regular dialogue based on trust.”



“The development of the sustainable public procurement system in the Republic of Kazakhstan represents an important step toward ensuring the country’s environmental, social, and economic sustainability.”

“Sustainable procurement contributes to more efficient use of resources, supports the development of local production, promotes innovation, and helps create a more transparent and accountable public expenditure system.”

“The Republic of Kazakhstan attaches great importance to the country’s environmental sustainable development and the transition to a ‘green’ economy, viewing it as a driver of new economic growth and improved quality of life for the people of Kazakhstan.”



“Sustainable public procurement is one of the key tools for ensuring the well-being of the population and the harmonious development of society, with a strong emphasis on environmental protection and social justice.”

“The 17 Goals adopted by all states in the field of sustainable development”



“The Kazakh National Women’s Pedagogical University, by integrating the principles of sustainable development into its activities, including public procurement, is committed to the 17 Sustainable Development Goals.”

“Compliance with regulatory legal acts:”

- The Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 1 July 2024 No. 106-VIII ZRK “On Public Procurement”;
- The Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 27 July 2007 No. 319-III “On Education”;
- The Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 18 February 2011 No. 407-IV “On Science”;
- Environmental Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 2 January 2021 No. 400-VI ZRK;
- Civil Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 27 December 1994 No. 268-XIII;
- Labour Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 23 November 2015 No. 414-V;
-Resolution of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated 15 July 2022 No. 482 “On Approval of the Concept of the Investment Policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan until 2026”;
- Address of the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan to the People of Kazakhstan “Strategy ‘Kazakhstan–2050’.”